

IN THE CLAIMS

The status of the claims as presently amended is as follows:

1. (Currently amended) A method of displaying an image in which a single field is made of a plurality of subfields weighted with brightness, and a plurality of pieces of emission pattern information, which show an emitted state with "1" and a non-emitted state with "0," of a pixel for each subfield, are used for displaying one gradation level, wherein

an average value of gradation levels shown by each of the plurality of pieces of emission pattern information, is equal to one of the gradation levels; and

an average emission rate, which is the plurality of pieces of emission pattern information averaged by each subfield, of any subfield with brightness weight smaller than maximum brightness weight of a subfield in which an average emission rate thereof is not zero, is equal to a given threshold or greater[.].

wherein a given level of gradation is displayed by timewise changing each of the plurality of pieces of emission pattern information, for one pixel.

2. (Original) A method of displaying an image as claimed in claim 1, wherein the given threshold is 0.5.

3-4. (Canceled)

5. (Currently amended) A method of displaying an image as claimed in claim 1, in which a single field is made of a plurality of a plurality of subfields weighted with brightness, and a plurality of pieces of emission pattern information, which show an emitted state with "1" and a non-emitted state with "0" of a pixel for each subfield, are used for displaying one gradation level, wherein

an average value of gradation levels shown by each of the plurality of pieces of emission pattern information, is equal to one of the gradation levels; and

an average emission rate, which is the plurality of pieces of emission pattern information averaged by each subfield, of any subfield with brightness weight smaller than maximum brightness weight of a subfield in which an average emission rate thereof is not zero, is equal to a given threshold or greater; and

wherein a given level of gradation is displayed by spatially arranging each of the plurality of pieces of emission pattern information, for a plurality of adjacent pixels.

6. (Currently amended) A method of displaying an image as claimed in claim [[2]] 5,
~~wherein a given level of gradation is displayed by spatially arranging each of the plurality of pieces of emission pattern information, for a plurality of adjacent pixels~~ the given threshold is 0.5.

7. (Currently amended) A method of displaying an image as claimed in claim [[3]] 1,
wherein a given level of gradation is displayed by spatially arranging each of the plurality of pieces of emission pattern information, for a plurality of adjacent pixels.

8. (Currently amended) A method of displaying an image as claimed in claim [[4]] 2,
wherein a given level of gradation is displayed by spatially arranging each of the plurality of pieces of emission pattern information, for a plurality of adjacent pixels.

9. (Currently amended) A device for displaying an image using
a method of displaying an image in which a single field is made of a plurality of subfields weighted with brightness, and a plurality of pieces of emission pattern information, which show an emitted state with "1" and a non-emitted state with "0," of a pixel for each subfield, are used for displaying one gradation level, wherein

an average value of gradation levels shown by each of the plurality of pieces of emission pattern information, is equal to one of the gradation levels; and

an average emission rate, which is the plurality of pieces of emission pattern information averaged by each subfield, of any subfield with brightness weight smaller than maximum brightness weight of a subfield in which an average emission rate thereof is not zero, is equal to a given threshold or greater[[.]],

wherein a given level of gradation is displayed by timewise changing each of the plurality of pieces of emission pattern information, for one pixel.

10. (Previously presented) A device for displaying an image as claimed in claim 9,
wherein the given threshold is 0.5.

11-12. (Canceled)

13. (Currently amended) A device of displaying an image as claimed in claim 9, using a method of displaying an image in which a single field is made of a plurality of subfields weighted with brightness, and a plurality of pieces of emission pattern information, which show an emitted state with "1" and a non-emitted state with "0" of a pixel for each subfield, are used for displaying one gradation level, wherein
an average value of gradation levels shown by each of the plurality of pieces of emission pattern information, is equal to one of the gradation levels; and
an average emission rate, which is the plurality of pieces of emission pattern information averaged by each subfield, of any subfield with brightness weight smaller than maximum brightness weight of a subfield in which an average emission rate thereof is not zero, is equal to a given threshold or greater; and
a given level of gradation is displayed by timewise changing each of the plurality of pieces of emission pattern information, for one pixel; and
wherein a given level of gradation is displayed by spatially arranging each of the plurality of pieces of emission pattern information, for a plurality of adjacent pixels.
14. (Currently amended) A device of displaying an image as claimed in claim [[10]] 13,
wherein a given level of gradation is displayed by spatially arranging each of the plurality of pieces of emission pattern information, for a plurality of adjacent pixels the given threshold is 0.5.
15. (Currently amended) A device of displaying an image as claimed in claim [[11]] 9,
wherein a given level of gradation is displayed by spatially arranging each of the plurality of pieces of emission pattern information, for a plurality of adjacent pixels.
16. (Currently amended) A device of displaying an image as claimed in claim [[12]] 10,
wherein a given level of gradation is displayed by spatially arranging each of the plurality of pieces of emission pattern information, for a plurality of adjacent pixels.